

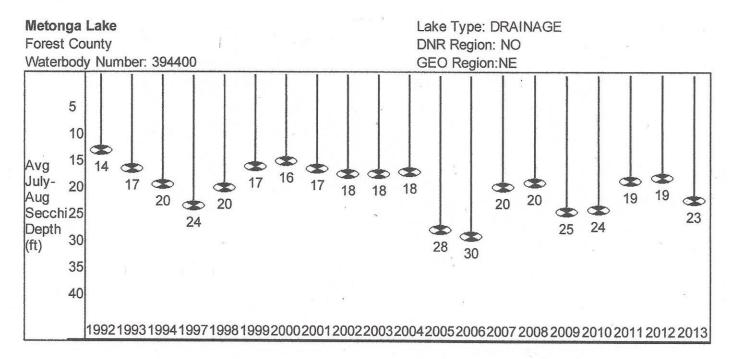
# LAKE METONGA ASSOCIATION ANNUAL MEETING 2014

# LAKE METONGA ASSOCIATION, INC.

### ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

**BY: KIM REED, TREASURER** 

#### Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources



Past secchi averages in feet (July and August only).

### Lake Water Quality 2013 Annual Report

Metonga Lake

Forest County

Waterbody Number: 394400

Lake Type: DRAINAGE

DNR Region: NO

GEO Region:NE

Site Name Storet #
Lake Metonga - Deep Hole 213124

Date	1	SD (m)	Hit Bottom	CHL		TSI (SD)	TSI (CHL)	TSI (TP)	Lake Level	Clarity	Color	Perception
05/17/2013	25	7.6		each or a continuous management (contemp)	14.9	31	decima nos semblas dosa es para	49	HIGH	CLEAR	no despression de la composição de la co	1-Beautiful, could not be nicer
05/29/2013	29	8.8		Paul Care of the C		29	applaces interespectation		HIGH	CLEAR	GREEN	1-Beautiful, could not be nicer
07/03/2013	22	6.7		mercental production of the control		33	Con agree services	,	HIGH	CLEAR	GREEN	1-Beautiful, could not be nicer
07/05/2013	26	7.9		1.39	13.2	30	37		HIGH		GREEN	problems
08/03/2013	18	5.5		4.62	14.7	35	46	49	NORMAL	CLEAR	GREEN	2-Very minor aesthetic problems
08/15/2013	16	4.9	e	And the section of th		37			NORMAL	CLEAR		2-Very minor aesthetic problems
08/31/2013	32	9.8		1.37	21.8	27	37	52	HIGH	CLEAR	GREEN	1-Beautiful, could not be nicer
09/17/2013	24	7.3				31			NORMAL	CLEAR	(1555	2-Very minor aesthetic problems

# WATER QUALITY INDEX BASED ON CHLOROPHYLL

# DOES NOT AFFECT PLANT & ALGAE GROWTH. PIGMENT THAT MAKES PLANTS (AND ALGAE) GREEN

<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	TOTAL P (ug/L)
EXCELLENT	< 1
VERY GOOD	1 - 5
GOOD	5 - 10
FAIR	10 - 15
POOR	15 - 30
VERY POOR	> 30

**MAJOR SOURCE** 

SEPTIC SYSTEMS, ANIMAL WASTE

**ROAD SALTING - CHEMICALS** 

# WATER QUALITY INDEX BASED ON TOTAL PHOSPHORUS

### NUTRIENT THAT SUPPORTS PLANTS AND ALGAE GROWTH

<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	TOTAL P (ug/L)
EXCELLENT	< 1
VERY GOOD	1-10
GOOD	10 - 30
FAIR	30 - 50
POOR	50 - 150

**VERY POOR** 

### **MAJOR SOURCE**

> 150

HUMAN & ANIMAL WASTE, SOIL EROSION
DETERGENTS, SEPTIC SYSTEMS, RUNOFF

BOATS & JET SKIS RUNNING AT HIGH SPEEDS IN SHALLOW WATER

#### **TROPHIC STATE**

# THE SECCHI DEPTH RESULTS, PHOSPHORUS AND CHLOROPHYLL DATA

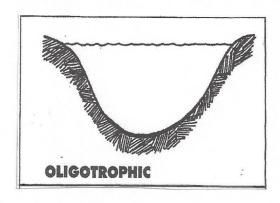
#### **DETERMINE THE TROPHIC STATE**

(OR LEVEL) OF NUTRIENT ENRICHMENTOF THE LAKE.

LAKES CAN BE DIVIDED INTO THREE CATEGORIES

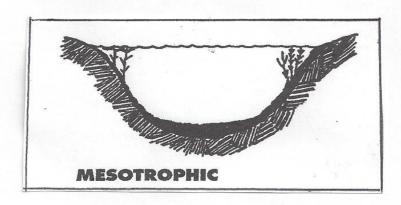
#### **OLIGOTROPHIC**

- CLEAR WATER, LOW PRODUCTIVITY
- VERY DESIRABLE FISHERY OF LARGE GAME FISH



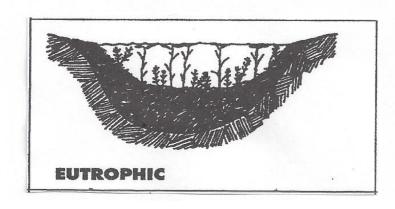
#### **MESOTROPHIC**

- INCREASED PRODUCTION
- ACCUMULATEED ORGANIC MATTER
- OCCASIONAL ALGAL BLOOM
- GOOD FISHERY



#### **EUTROPHIC**

- VERY PRODUCTIVE
- MAY EXPERIENCE OXYGEN DEPLETION
- ROUGH FISH COMMON



	05/17/2013		
Depth FEET	Temp. DEGREES F	D.O.	
3	50	14.06	
10	48.2	14.31	
15	47.1	14.4	
20	46	14.43	
25	45.6	14.37	
30	45.4	14.32	
40	44.9	14.05	
50	44.8	13.89	
60	44.6	13.83	
70	44.4	13.83	
80	44	12.95	

	07/05/2013	
Depth FEET	Temp. DEGREES F	D.O. MG/L
3	72.5	10.83
10	71.7	10.92
15	70.5	10.69
20	67	9.92
25	61.7	9.73
30	58.6	9.3
40	55.6	7.69
50	52.7	5.19
60	50.8	4.16
70	50.1	3.73
80	49.4	.16

	08/03/2013	
Depth FEET	Temp. DEGREES F	D.O.
3 .	69.4	10.85
10	69.4	10.81
15	69.4	10.78
20	69.4	10.76
25	69.3	10.64
30	67	8.63
40	57.7	2.66
50	53.5	1.12
60	51.6	.73
70	50.6	.17
80	50.3	.12

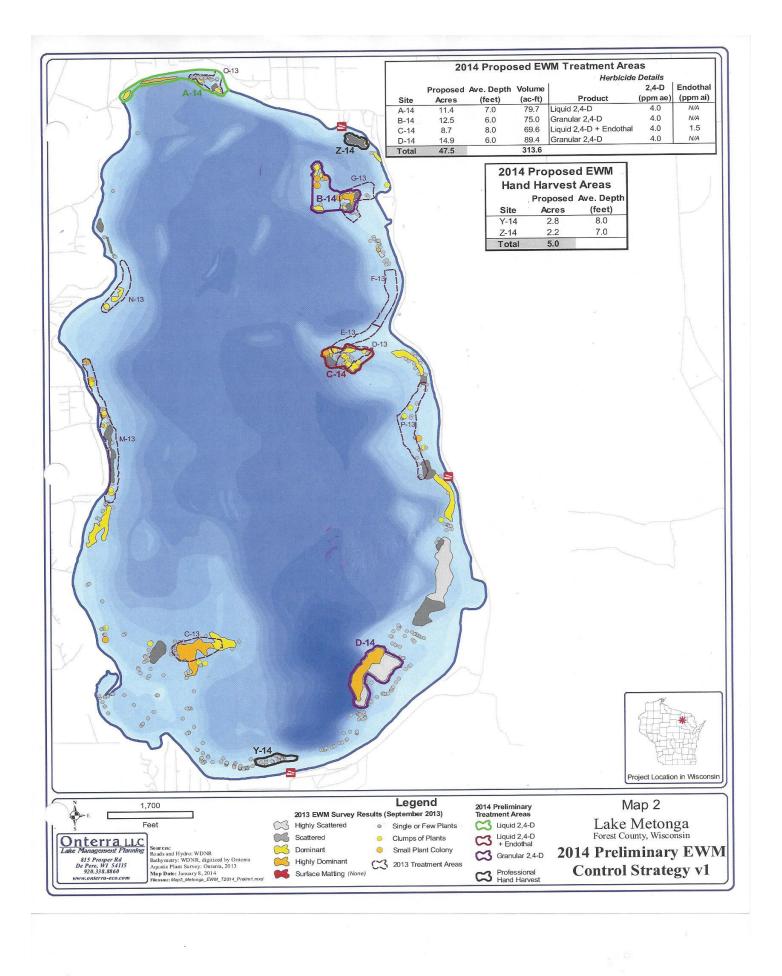
	08/31/2013	
Depth FEET	Temp. DEGREES F	D.O.
3	74.1	10.12
10	73.7	10.07
15	73.6	10.01
20	73.5	9.88
25	71.9	8.1
30	67.2	5.16
40	61.3	.6
50	56.4	.16
60	53.1	.11
70	52	.1
80	51.7	.07

#### **DISSOLVED OXYGEN**

- OXYGEN IS THE MOST IMPORTANT GAS SINCE MOST AQUATIC ORGANISMS NEED OXYGEN TO SURVIVE. SOLUBILITY DEPENDS ON WATER TEMPERATURE. COLDER MORE GASES IT CAN HOLD.
- PRODUCED WHENEVER GREEN PLANTS GROW
  THROUGH A PROCESS OF PHOTOSYNTHESIS. SITUATION
  IS REVERSED WHEN PLANTS DIE, AS BACTERIA
  ASSOCIATED WITH DECOMPOSING PLANTS OR ANIMALS
  CONSUME OXYGEN. IN METONGA THE STANDARD IS
  5MG/L. THIS IS THE MINIMUM AMOUNT OF OXYGEN
  FOR FISH TO SURVIVE AND GROW. NOTE FALLING
  LEVELS AT INCREASED DEPTHS.

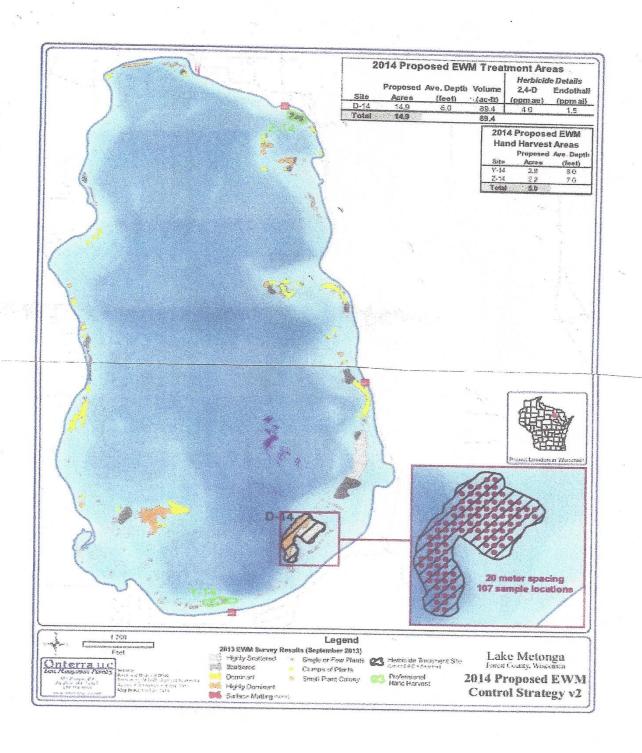
#### EURASIAN WATER MILFOIL

- FILED FOR A 2 YEAR GRANT VALUED AT \$139,277 (65% COST SHARE).
- YEAR 2014 TREAT 47.5 ACRES AT A COST OF \$51,603.37.
- GRANT AWARD DENIED.
   \$514,000 AVAILABLE IN THIS DNR GRANT CATEGORY.
   \$1,314,000 REQUESTS FILED BY LAKE ASSOCIATIONS AND DISTRICTS.
- METONGA RECEIVED A GRANT IN 2012-2013.



# NEED FOR ALTERNATE PLAN

- SELECT TREATING EWM
  BED ON SOUTH END SINCE
  IT IS ENCROACHING ON
  THE COUNTY PARK BEACH
  COST OF \$16,061.91
- CONTRACT TO HAND PULL EWM BEDS AT THE NORTH END BEACH AND SOUTH END BOAT LAUNCH AREA COST OF \$4,986.00





# **CLEAN LAKES**

# **HERBICIDE APPLICATOR**



# CLEAN LAKES HERBICIDE APPLICATOR

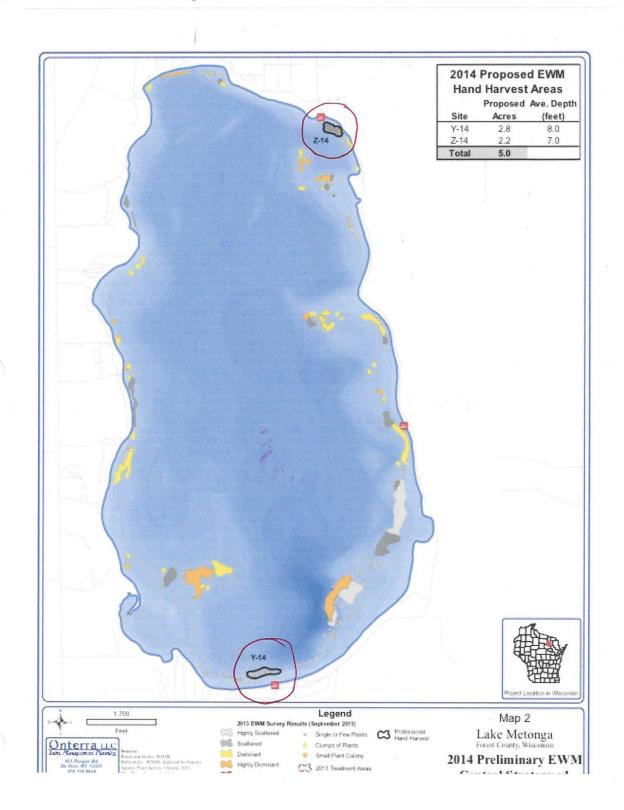


# CLEAN LAKES HERBICIDE APPLICATOR

From: Eddie Heath EHeath@onterra-eco.com & Subject: Metonga Hand Harvesting Map

Date: April 15, 2014 at 10:13 AM

To: Les Schramm lesschramm@gmail.com

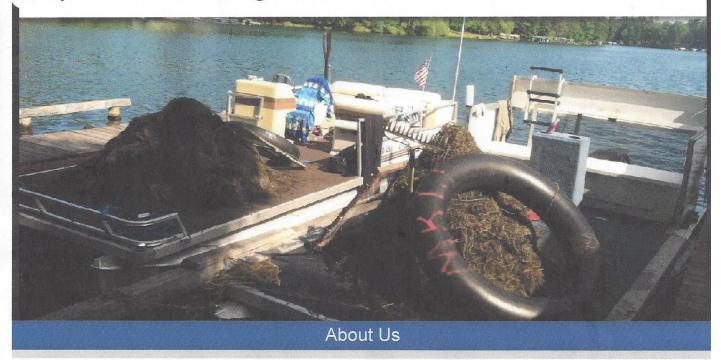




HOME

**ABOUT** 

CONTACT US



# We are to committed cleaning lakes and serving you with quality and value.

Contact us today for an inspection of your lake, and see what our commitment to quality is all about!

Since 2008, divers from Aquatic Plant Management (APM) have been working with Lake Associations and Lake Districts across Northern Wisconsin to help contain Eurasian Water milfoil. With various eradication methods, APM has the certifications and knowledge to operate under a variety of EWM density and water clarity.

APM has documented success working with riparian owners in cleaning their lakes of invasive species. Our most successful technique is identifying and eradication EVVM pioneering colonies. It is imperative that these new colonies are quickly removed before the weed has a chance to develop in another patch that ultimately will infest a new part of the lake.



With a con identify what so extraction of EV

# EWM HAND PULLING

team to

We Love to Work on the Water



THURSDAY: JUNE 12, 2014

### Pesticide to be tested on zebra r

By LEE BERGQUIST

rgquist@journalsentinel.com

Scientists for the first time in Wisconsin plan to use a bacteria to kill zebra mussels — in this instance, in a Florence County lake.

Researchers with the U.S. Geo-

logical Survey want to apply the biological pesticide next month to sections of Keyes Lake in the hope of killing off zebra mussels that Biological agent to be used in northern Wisconsin lake

have attached themselves to na-

tive mussel beds.

If experiments prove successful, the treatment could one day

be a tool to control the spread of destructive zebra and quagga mussels, both invasive species.

Zebra mussels were discovered in the Great Lakes in the mid-1980s, and turned up in inland Wisconsin lakes in 1994. They can now be found in 163 lakes and rivers in the state, according to the state Department of Natural Resources. Quagga

mussels are in the Great Lakes, but have not yet invaded inland lakes of Wisconsin.

The pair of tiny, sharp-shelled species devour plankton, disrupting ecosystems. They proliferate in areas by the tens of thousands and push out native species, clog water intake systems and play a

Please see MUSSELS, 6A

- **DATCP** (Department of Agriculture, Trade & Consumer Protection) Reviewing request by the Geological Survey for an experimental use permit to use ZEQUANOX.
- Zequanox is a strain of bacterium that is found in soil, plants and water.
- Kills only Zebra Mussels, but nothing else.
- Chemicals inside cells of the bacterium disrupt the lining in the digestive system and kill the mussels. 90% kill rate in tests conducted.
- Lakewide applications too expensive.

# **DOCK DISK**

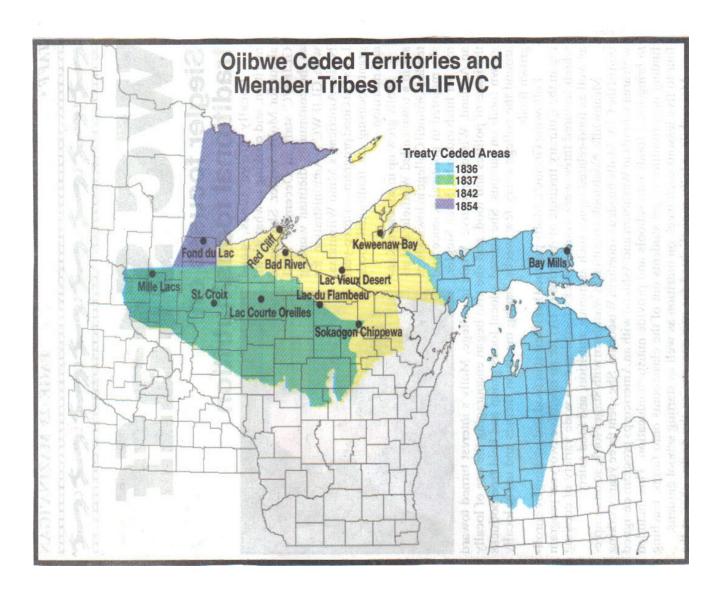
- PROPRIETARY SUBSTANCE THAT REPELS ZEBRA AND QUAGGA MUSSELS.
- NON-TOXIC, USES NO CHEMICALS OR BACTERIA. DOES NOT KILL ANYTHING. DOES NOT NEED ELECTRICITY.
- PUT IT IN THE WATER AND THE MUSSELS GO AWAY AND STAY AWAY.
- PATENT PENDING. AWAITING APPROVAL.
- CONTACT JAMES GREGATH 060BIO BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT (949) 394-0124

E-MAIL: james@060bio.com

# **BULLHEAD HARVEST 2014**

- MIKE PREUL, MOLE LAKE FISHERY BIOLOGIST, AND HIS CREW USED (2) ELECTRO-SHOCKING BOATS TO STUN AND NET BULLHEADS.
- MIKE AND HIS CREW SPENT 28 HOURS HARVESTING BULLHEADS.
- THEY NETTED IN THE BULLRUSHES AND IN FARMER'S BAY AND PETERSON'S BAY.
- THE SIZES CAPTURED RANGED FROM 7-1/2" TO 10 & 11 INCHES AVERAGING ABOUT 50% IN EACH SIZE RANGE.
- TOTAL POUNDS HARVESTED 3,836 THIS EQUATES TO - 5,856 FISH
- A GIVE-AWAY TO THE PUBLIC WAS HELD ON FRIDAY 6/20/14. A TOTAL OF 1,829 POUNDS (2,409 FISH) WERE GIVEN AWAY.
- ALL OTHER BULLHEADS HARVESTED WERE GIVEN TO THE RAPTORS IN ANTIGO.
- MIKE PLANS TO CONTINUE MONITORING AND HARVESTING IN 2015 AS HE IS COMMITTED TO MAINTAINING A QUALITY FISHERY.







# Walleye Speared By All Chippewa Bands

LAKE	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Butternut	46	86	87	780	292	622	456	491
Franklin	40	33	257	0	0	116	0	0-
Jungle	45	173	117	60	99	103	59	0.
Lucerne	64	73	64	101	22	56	58	5
Metonga	107	157	0	0	0	283	177	1086
Lily	119	136	50	207	152	71	133	137
Mole	0	1	0	~ 0	0	0	0	0
Pine.	28	0	9	0	0	0	0	0
Roberts	30	45	31	45	157	162	30	44
Stevens	28	12	81	23	0	0	0	0
Crane	0	0	30	0	0	0	0	0
Howel	. 0	0	0	3	. 0	, 0	0	0
Kentuck-Vilas	906	707	947	1128	87	170	128	6
TOTALS	1413	1423	1673	2345	809	1583	1041	1769

Lake Metonga adult walleye population estimate results from 1985-2013.

Year	Total Adults	Adults/Acre	Agency	Year	Total Adults	Adults/Acre	Agency
1989	4706	2.4	WDNR	2007	1675	0.8	WDNR
1992	4987	2.5	WDNR	2009	2574	1.3	GLIFWC
1997	7376	3.7	GLIFWC	2010	3993	2.0	GLIFWC
1999	4851	2.4	GLIFWC	2011	2569	1.3	GLIFWC
2001	3518	1.8	WDNR	2013	9836	4.9	WDNR
2004	1199	0.6	WDNR				

<sup>3</sup> adults/acre is considered management goal for natural reproducing walleye population.

Lake Metonga Tribal Harvest of walleye from 1985-2014.

Year	Harvest	Year	Harvest	Year	Harvest	Year	Harvest
1985	80	1994	313	2002	323	2010	0
1986	17	1995	472	2003	206	2011	0
1987	488	1996	681	2004	177	2012	283
1988	569	1997	443	2005	87	2013	177
1990	208	1998	695	2006	97	2014*	1086
1991	184	1999	461	2007	107		
1992	441	2000	457	2008	157		
1993	365	2001	305	2009	0		

Tribal harvest numbers are determined off of adult population estimates < three years old or

off of mathmatical models. There are many safety factors built in to prevent overharvest.

<sup>\*</sup>Projected harvest

# MIKE PREUL FISHERIE BIOLOGIST MOLE LAKE TRIBE

# IS WILLING TO DISCUSS SPEARING BAG LIMITS AND REPRODUCTION WITH ANYONE WHO CALLS.

HIS PHONE NUMBER IS:

715 - 478 - 7621

# FUND RAISING COMMITTEE <u>UPDATE</u>

- NEED VOLUNTEERS
- SPORTSMAN'S RAFFLE
- KENTUCK DAY JULY 26<sup>TH</sup>
- ART IN THE SQUARE SEPTEMBER 20<sup>TH</sup>

# BOAT PARADE/COOKOUT JULY 5<sup>TH</sup>

- Volunteers for Judging
- Cookout at 2:00 P.M. Beachside Bar and Grill – Tim Leonardelli
- Volunteer to Help Call Tim at (262) 389-0707

# **CLEAN BOATS - CLEAN WATERS**

- File for Grant Simple 2 page form. Initial start-up funds received from DNR (30%)
- Submit Proposed Plan and Costs
- Hire Inspectors Independent Contractor Agreement. Sign W-9 Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification
- Develop Work Schedule
- Inspectors Paid By-Monthly. Pick up time sheets and e-mail LMA Treasurer

- CB-CW (continued)
- Keep Copies of Checks & Costs
- Inspection Data in DNR "SWIMS" Data Base
- LMA Treasurer submits 1099 Income Form to each Inspector
- Need Someone To Volunteer to do this task.

### **OTHER AGENDA ITEMS**

- LOON NESTING PLATFORMS
- ELECTION OF OFFICERS
- NEW BUSINESS

# **OTHER AGENDA ITEMS**

- Membership Input
- Thanks for coming.
- Thanks Betty Sosnovske and Deb Gauerke for the treats.
- Adjourn
- Enjoy your summer at the Lake.